RISE Placement Test Practice Test

Math Tiers 1, 2, and 3

Overview

There are three RISE math placement tests. Students must earn a 70% on each test to advance to the next. That is, if students earn a 70% or higher on Test 1, then they can take Test 2. If students do not earn a 70% or higher on Test 2, then they cannot take Test 3.

Each test takes approximately 60 minutes to complete.

See the lists below of the content areas for each of the tests.

Tier 1/Test 1

- Whole Numbers
- Fractions and Mixed Numbers
- Decimals
- Ratios, Rates and Proportions
- Percents
- Measurement
- Geometry
- Real Numbers

Tier 2/Test 2

- Solving Equations and Inequalities
- Graphing
- Exponents and Polynomials
- Concepts in Statistics

Tier 3/Test 3

- Factoring
- Rational Expressions and Equations
- Radical Expressions and Equations and Quadratic Equations
- Functions

The following pages contain sample test questions and an answer key organized by tier. During the practice test and real test experiences, students should use the <u>RISE Placement Test Formula Chart</u> (https://docs.google.com/document/d/1IP-BNAGSKsslbPrN2OV5f0Dhyb7ZHFizAoHvtYX1G-w/edit).

Tier 1 Practice Test Questions

Whole Numbers

- You open up a shop in Hawaii and want to offer customers four-days of extreme experiences. On the first 2 days the customer can choose a water activity: snorkeling, fishing and water skiing. The next 2 days, the customer can choose from more extreme activities: zip lining, sky diving, rock climbing, and cave exploring. How many of these extreme sports are possible?
 - a. 12
 - b. 7
 - c. 13
 - d. 4
- 2. Constance wants brand new carper for her square shaped bedroom. Her bedroom is 11 ft. by 11 ft. How much carpeting will Connie need to purchase to cover half of the floor?
 - a. 121 sq. ft.
 - b. 60.5 sq. ft.
 - c. 120 sq. ft.
 - d. 65 sq. ft.

Fractions

- 3. The Krispy Creme donut's "are ready" sign at three different Krispy Cremes, lights up when the donuts are ready at every 10 minutes, 15 minutes and 20 minutes, respectively. If the time is 9:00pm and donuts are ready at all three shops, when will the signs light up at the same time?
 - a. 30
 - b. 40
 - c. 50
 - d. 60

4. In figure 1, below, there are 3 out of 5 triangles shaded blue. In figure 2, above, there are 6 out of 10 triangles shaded blue. What is the totaled blue shaded triangles between figure 1 and 2. Keep your answer as an improper fraction.



Decimals



Figure 3

- 5. In figure 3, above each square represents 1/100 of an inch. As a decimal, which one of the following is true?
 - a. Since each square represents 1/100 of an inch, then the figure is representing 0.2 as an equivalent decimal.
 - b. Since each square represents 1/100 of an inch, then the figure is representing 0.27 an equivalent decimal.
 - c. Since each square represents 1/100 of an inch, then the figure is representing 0.25 as an equivalent decimal.
 - d. Since each square represents 1/100 of an inch, then the figure is representing 0.23 as an equivalent decimal.
- 6. A lime sherbet punch can be made from 2 pints of line sherbet and 4-liter of Ginger Ale. If I triple the Lime Sherbet, how many liters of Ginger Ale will be needed to make the punch?
 - a. 10
 - b. 11
 - c. 12
 - d. 13
- 7. The following prices for pecans are all in proportion except,
 - a. \$2 per oz. equals \$6 per 3 oz.
 - b. \$4 per 2 oz equals \$20 per 10 oz.
 - c. \$9 per 4.5 oz equals \$36 per 18 oz.
 - d. \$13 per 6 oz equals \$29 per 12 oz.

Percent



Figure 4

- 8. In the figure 4 above, what is the percent of unshaded blocks?
 - a. 60%
 - b. 65%
 - c. 70%
 - d. 75%
- 9. What is the discount price for a pair of shoes that cost \$ 75.00, if the discount is 25%?
 - a. \$55.00
 - b. \$56.25
 - c. \$57.50
 - d. \$58.00

10. To find the original price, use the formula, Percent x Base = Amount.

What is the original cost of the sofa, if the percent off discount is 40% and the amount is \$165.00?

- a. \$412.50
- b. \$413.36
- c. \$414.45
- d. \$417.18

Measurements





- 11. In figure 5 above, it is showing the metric system. If the base units are meters, convert 87,000 mm to Km.
 - a. 0.87 Km
 - b. 0.0087 Km
 - c. 0.087 Km
 - d. 0.00087 KM
- 12. Laurence purchased a 2000ml bottle of juice and purchased a second 3-liter bottle of juice. What is the difference in liters between the two juice bottle amounts?
 - a. 2.08 L
 - b. 2.008 L
 - c. 2.8 L
 - d. 28 L



Figure 6

- 13. The figure 6 above shows a digital scale and the weight of Ms. Roberson's grandson, Romiin in Kg. How many pounds is Romiin? (Round to the nearest whole number)
 - a. 125 lbs
 - b. 126 lbs
 - c. 127 lbs
 - d. 128 lbs

Graphing



Figure 7

- 14. The circumference of a circle is given by the formula, $C = \pi d$, where $\pi = 3.14$. The radius of the tire of a Lexus is 17 inches. Find the circumference of the tire. Round your final answer to the nearest whole number.
 - a. 104 inches
 - b. 105 inches
 - c. 106 inches
 - d. 107 inches

- 15. Given the right triangle below, in figure 7, If a = 3 and c = 5, find b, the missing side.
 - a. 1
 - b. 2
 - c. 4
 - d. 6



- 16. What is the positive root for $\sqrt{169?}$
 - a. -13
 - b. -12
 - c. 13
 - d. 12

17. For the figure 8 below, find the perimeter of the polygon.





a. 44.0 ft
b. 42.3 ft
c. 40.1 ft
d. 4102 ft

Real Numbers

18. Translate the written sentence into a mathematical expression, then simplify.

"8 times the quality of 3 squared minus 5 divided by 4."

a. 6 b. 7 c. 8 d. 9 19. Simplify. $\sqrt{36} + |-50| - (-70 + 35)$. a. 88 b. 89 c. 90 d. 91

20. Translate and evaluate the expression, x divided by 4 plus 9, if x = 4.

a. 11b. 10c. 9d. 8

20. Simplify the expression. $4^2 - 5^2$.

- a. -9
- b. 9
- c. 10
- d. -10

22. Simplify the expression. $(\frac{15}{6} - \frac{9}{6}) - \frac{8^0}{9}$.

- a. 4
- b. 2
- c. 1
- d. 0

23. Write -6^3 in expanded notation and evaluate.

- a. 216
- b. 18
- c. -216
- d. -18

Tier 1 Answers and Explanations

Whole Numbers and Fractions

Question	Correct	Explanation	
Number	Answer		
1	a	This problem uses the basic principle of multiplication. The shop offers 3 different activities for 2 days to choose from and offers 4 more different activities for the next 2 days. Since the question wants to know how many extreme sports are possible, and since there are 3 on one experience and 4 on the others, then $3 \times 4 = 12$. There are 12 possible extreme activities to choose from.	
2	b	This problem uses the formula for the area of a rectangle, $A = I \times w$. In this case, the shape of the room is a square. So, the formula is modified, and the area of a square is $A = s \times s$. To cover only half of the floor divide by 2. A = 11 x 11=121/2=60.5 sq. ft.	
3	d	Applying Least Common Multiples (<i>Imc</i>) will solve this problem. For example, at one Krispy Cremes, the sign will light up every 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60 minutes. At the next donut shop every 15, 30, 45, 60 minutes. Lastly, at the third shop every 20, 40, 60 minutes. So, when the signals "are ready" lights up at the same 9:00pm, it will be in every 60 minutes. The <i>Icm</i> for 10, 15, and 20 is 60.	
4	a	We can write figures 1 and 2 as fractions, 3/5 and 6/10. In order to add these two fractions, the denominators must be the same. You will need to find the Greatest Common Denominator (gcd) between 5 and 10. Finding the multiples of 5, by counting by 5's: 5, 10, 15, and so on. Finding the multiples of 10, by counting by 10's: 10, 20, 30, and so on. Looking at the multiples of 5 and 10, 10 appears to be what both numbers have in common. Now we can use 10 to be the new denominator for each fraction. Since there is a new denominator, there should be a new numerator. The steps are as follows: $\frac{3}{5} + \frac{6}{10} = \frac{6}{10} + \frac{6}{10} = \frac{12}{10} = 6/5.$	
		To change $\frac{3}{5}$ to $\frac{6}{10}$, you will change 5 to the (gcd), 10, by multiplying the denominator and numerator by 2, since 5 x 2 = 10. Once the denominators are the same, adding the numerators, ONLY, gives the $\frac{12}{10}$. Now simplifying gives 6/5. Notice that the numerator is larger than the denominator. Since this is an improper fraction, we can say that this is the total between both figures 1 and 2.	

Decimals

Question	Correct	Explanation
Number	Answer	
5	b	Since each square is 1/100. Counting squares that are blue, there are 27. So, we can write this as a fraction, 27/100. 27/100 can be written as 27 hundredths. Then writing as an equivalent decimal, 0.27.
6	c	There are two ratios, 2 pints :4 liters and 6 pints (2 x 3, tripled the amount of sherbet): L liters. Using proportions, and setting the two ratios equal to each other, it follows, $\frac{2}{4} = \frac{6}{L}$. By cross multiplying, 2 x L = 4 x 6. Multiplying both sides gives, 2L = 24. Solving for L, by dividing both sides by 2, gives, L = 12. So, it will take 12 liters of Ginger Ale for 6 pints of Lime Sherbet.
7	d	To see if two ratios are in proportion, first make sure we are working with the same units, dollars to ounces. Then we set the two ratios equal to each other. Take the cross products of the numerator to denominator which must equal. This show proportions. The multiple-choice answers that are in proportion are a, b, and c. d is not in proportion because, $13 \times 12 = 6 \times 29$ does not equal the same number. Therefore, the prices are not in proportion of each other.

Percent

Question Number	Correct Answer	Explanation
8	d	By simply counting the unshaded blocks, there are 75 out of 100 blocks, unshaded. This represents 75% unshaded blocks.
9	b	To find the discount price, you first multiply the discount rate x the original price. So, multiply, (\$75.00 x .25 = \$18.75, remember to change your percent to a decimal by dividing by 100. Therefore, by subtracting \$18.75 from the original price of, \$75.00, equals the discount price of \$56.25.
10	а	Following the formula, 0.40 x s = \$165.00, where s is the unknown original price. Solving for s, by dividing by 0.40 on both sides, gives the original price to be \$412.50.

Measurements

Question	Correct	Explanation
Number	Answer	
11	С	Start counting from the decimal in the smaller unit, 87,000 mm and move 6 spaces to the left until you get to Km. Now move the decimal, in the number 87,000, 6 places to the left also. Since this is a whole number, the decimal is behind the last zero in 87.000 mm. The conversion is equal to 0.087Km.
12	с	The two bottles must be in the same metric units. Convert 200ml to liters. Using the figure 5 above, this gives 0.2 L. Therefore, to find the difference, subtract, 0.2 from 3 and get, 2.8 L.
13	a	Converting 56.8Kg to pounds, multiplying by 2.2, (1 kg = 2.2 pounds), therefore, Romiin weighs 124.96 pounds. Rounding to the nearest whole number, the answer is 125 lbs.

Graphing

Question	Correct	Explanation
Number	Answer	
14	d	The diameter of the tire is 2 times the radius, which is 34 inches. Using the formula above, $C = 3.14 \times 34 = 106.76$. Rounding 106.76 to the nearest whole number, which is 6. The number behind 6 is 7, therefore, round 6 up to 7, the rounded number is 107. So, the circumference of the Lexus tire is 107 inches.
15	C	To find the missing side, b, use the Pythagorean theorem formula, $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$. Replace a and c in the formula, with its respective values. Therefore, $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ $3^2 + b^2 = 5^2$ $9 + b^2 = 25$, subtract 9 from both sides, $b^2 = 25 - 9b^2 = 16$, take the square root of both sides, b = 4.
16	с	Taking the square root of $\sqrt{169} = \pm 13$. So, the positive root is +13.
17	С	To find the perimeter of the polygon, add all sides around the shape. So, P = 4ft+8ft+4ft+4.5ft+14ft+5.6ft= 40.1 ft.

Real Numbers

Question	Correct	Explanation
Number	Answer	
18	b	Translated as a mathematical expression, denoted as, $8(3^2 - 6) \div 4$. Following PEMDAS, $8(9 - 6) \div 4$, $8(3) \div 4$, $24 \div 4$ 6.
19	d	Following PEMDAS, and look for representation of parentheses, working from left to right, $\sqrt{36} + -50 - (-35)$ take the square root of 36, then take the absolute value of -50. Continuing PEMDAS, left to right you add then subtract -35. 6 + 50 + 35 56 + 35 91
20	b	Choosing b is the correct answer. Translated, we have, $\frac{x}{4} + 9$. Since $x = 4, \frac{4}{4} + 9 = 1 + 9 = 10$.
21	a	By following orders of operations, and working from left to right, take the square of 4, by multiplying 4 times 4, and the same for 5 squared. Then subtract the two from each other, as follows: 16 – 25 = -9.
22	d	Following orders of operations and working in parentheses first, subtracting the fractions gives, $6/6=1$. Raising $8/9$ to the zero power is 1. So $1 - 1 = 0$.
23	C	To write in expanded form, is, $-6 \times 6 \times 6 = -216$. The expanded notation is not (-6)(-6)(-6) = -216. Although the answer is the same, the number is a positive 6 and not a negative 6.

Tier 2 Practice Test Questions

Solving Equations and Inequalities

- 1. Solve the equation below for x, x + (-9) = 26.
 - a. x = 31
 - b. x = 32
 - c. x = 34
 - d. x = 35
- 2. Solve the equation below for y, 41 y = 90.
 - a. y = 49
 - b. y = 48
 - c. y = 47
 - d. y = 46
- 3. Solve, 7*x* + 11 = 73.
 - a. 12
 - b. 13
 - c. -13
 - d. -12
- 4. Solve: 3y 2 = 6 4y.
 - a. y = 7/8
 - b. y = 56
 - c. y = 8/7
 - d. y = 8
- 5. Which equation show equivalence to a solution all real numbers?
 - a. X = 1
 - b. X = -1
 - c. 0 = 0
 - d. 2 = 3
- 6. Which equation matches the information, Henry's appetite is twice as big as Guy's?
 - a. 2(G) = H
 - b. G x H = 2
 - c. H(2) = G
 - d. 2 + G = H

- 7. In the question above, if Guy can eat 2 full racks of baby back ribs, how many full racks of baby=backs can Henry eat?
 - a. 3
 - b. 4
 - c. 5
 - d. 6
- 8. The diagram below in figure 9, shows 4 graphs of inequalities. Which graph shows $-1 < x \le 3$?





- 9. An iguana as to keep its temperature between 75 degrees and 95 degrees (Fahrenheit). Write this as an inequality.
 - a. $\{x | x > 75\}$ and $\{x | x < 95\}$
 - b. $\{x | x < 95\}$
 - c. $\{x | x > 75\}$
 - d. $\{x | x > 95\}$ and $\{x | x < 75\}$
- 10. Solve for *h*. h 28 > 28. Solving the inequality, the graph will be ______ circle? (Fill in the blank)
 - a. Closed
 - b. Open
 - c. Out
 - d. In

Graphing

11. The coordinate plain allows us to plot points. These points are represented by ordered pairs, (x, y). X is called the domain and y is called the range. Given the following ordered pairs,

What are the numbers in the set of x domain?

- a. {2, 6, 10, 14}
- b. {1, 4, 8, 12}
- c. {1, 6, 8, 14}
- d. {2, 4, 6, 8}

12. Sponge Bob is drawn below in figure 10 on the coordinate plain. What quadrant is his red tie in?

- a. I
- b. II
- c. III
- d. IV



Figure 10

13. What quadrant will you find the ordered pairs (13,-5)? Use the table of ordered pairs below.

X	Y	Quadrant
i1	-6	III
ii. 4	9	
iii8	10	II
iv. 13	-5	?

- a. I
- b. II

c. III

d. IV

14. Which of the graphs blow represents a linear equation?



Figure 11

- 15. In Figure 11 above, the slope of a line is defined as the ratio, rise: run. What would be the slope for the ratio 3:6?
 - a. Slope is 3/6
 - b. Slope is $\frac{1}{2}$
 - c. Slope is 6/3
 - d. Slope is 2/1

16. In the graph below, Figure 12, which two lines are perpendicular?

- a. Lines b, c, and d
- b. Lines a, b, and c
- c. Lines a, c, and d
- d. Lines a, b, and d



Figure 12

- 17. The formula, Slope-Intercept, is written, y = mx + b, is used to identify the slope and y intercept of a line. Which variable in the formula represents the slope?
 - a. y
 - b. b
 - с. х
 - d. m
- 18. Determine whether the lines, y = 7x 9 and y = 7x + 5 are parallel or perpendicular or equal?
 - a. The lines are not parallel
 - b. The lines are equal
 - c. The lines are parallel
 - d. The lines are perpendicular



Figure 13

- 19. In the Figure 13 above, what is the slope of the line?
 - a. m = 6
 - b. m = 4
 - c. m = 2
 - d. m = 0

Exponents and Polynomials

20. Evaluate the expression $-(3x^{-3})$, where x = 2.

- a. 1/8
- b. -3/8
- c. -5/8
- d. 7/8

21. Given the polynomial expression $6x^4 + 5x + 1$, an example of a constant would be:

- a. 5
- b. 1
- c. 6
- d. 4

22. Add. $(-7x^7 + 5x^4 - 4x - 8) + (11x^7 - 10x^5 + 2x^4 + 4x - 9).$

- a. $3x^7 10x^5 + 7x 17$
- b. -3x^7 +10x^5 7x + 17
- c. $7x^5 7x^3 17x + 10$
- d. -7x^5 + 7x^3 + 17x 10

- 23. Consider a rectangle, whose side lengths are described by (x + 3), (x + 7), 2x, 8x, (-6x 8), *respectively*. Find the perimeter.
 - a. 5x +1
 - b. 3x 8
 - c. 2x + 6
 - d. 6x + 2



Figure 14

- 24. The figure 14 above shows types of graphical representations. Which graph records the number of observations in a set of data?
 - a. A Frequency Table
 - b. Line Plot
 - c. Box and Whisker Plot
 - d. Circle Graph

- 25. Find the mean of the set of 5 of NASCAR Motor speedways' miles: Talladega 2.660, Pocono 2.500, Atlanta, 1.540, Bristol .533 and Lowes (Charlotte) 1.500.
 - a. 1.074 mi.
 - b. 1.07445 mi.
 - c. 1.7466 mi.
 - d. 107046 mi.



Figure 15

26. In figure 15, the map above of U.S. Top Hiking Trails, what is the mode of the trail's miles?

- a. O
- b. 1
- c. 2
- d. 3



Figure 16

- 27. In figure 16 above, the square has the side length described by a polynomial expression. How many terms are this polynomial?
 - a. 1
 - b. 2
 - c. 3
 - d. 4

Tier 2 Answers and Explanations

Solving Equations and inequalities

Question	Correct	Explanation
Number 1	Answer d	Using the Addition property of Equality to solve for x , add 9(opposite of -9) to both sides. This is a one- step equation, so the solution for $x = 35$.
2	а	Using the Addition property of Equality to solve for y, subtract 41(opposite of -41) from both sides. This gives, $41 - 41 - y = 90 - 41$, $-y = 49$, divide both sides by -1. The solution for y = -49.
3	d	Using the Addition property and multiplication property of Equality, this a two-step equation. So, $7x + 11 = -73$, $7x + 11 - 11 = -73 - 11$, $7x = -84$, $x = -12$.
4	С	Applying the addition rule, add -4y to both sides and add 2 to both sides. This gives $7y = 8$, dividing by 7 both sides, gives the solution, $y = 8/7$
5	С	To be all real number the solution shows the left side of the equal sign is equal to the right side of the equal sign. $0 = 0$ shows this fact.
6	а	Translating into an equation, reading from left to right, Let h be Henry and G be Guy. Then the word is means equal too and the word twice means to multiply Guy's appetite by 2. $H = 2 \times G$.
7	b	Since G =2, then 2(2) = 4.
8	C	The graphs show that x has two solutions, $\{x x > -1\}$ and $\{x x \le 3\}$. An open circle is represented by the inequalities $<$ and $>$. A closed circle is represented by the inequalities \le and \ge .
9	a	This means that the temperature cannot go below 75 and above 95, but is can be any temperature between. Representing the temperature as random variable x, the solution is $\{x x > 75\}$ and $\{x x < 95\}$. Both are open circle because the two end points are not included as an allowed temperature.
10	b	Isolate the variable by adding 28 to both sides. $h > 56$. The graph of the inequality will be open since the inequality means " <i>h</i> is greater than 56".

Graphing

Question Number	Correct	Explanation
11	Answer b	The numbers are 1, 4, 8, and 12. These are all the x coordinates, which represents the domain of x.
12	d	Sponge Bob's red tie is in d. quadrant IV. The quadrants are counted counter-clockwise beginning with the top right quadrant.
13	b	Since both x -and y-coordinates in #1 are negative, this is Quad IV. For # 2 and 3, they are in Quads I and III, respectively because both coordinates are positive for #2 and for #3, the x- coordinate is negative and the y-coordinate is positive. And for #4, this is Quad II because the x-coordinate is positive and the y-coordinate is negative, b.
14	а	There are a series of points on a straight line.
15	b	The slope is b, $\frac{1}{2}$, since $\frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$.
16	a	Three linear lines are cross each other in some way. In the above graph, lines b, c and d are crossing each other. Line b is being crossed by lines c and d. Lines c and d are crossing each other also. Therefore, these lines are perpendicular.
17	d	The lower-case <i>m</i> represents the slope of a line in the formula. The variable <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> represent the constants and the variable <i>b</i> represents the <i>y</i> intercept.
18	d	The line is a horizontal line, where $y = -2$, therefore the slope is zero. If $x = 5$, the slope is undefined, since this is a vertical line.
19	b	The negative exponent is the exponential rule to apply here. By taking the reciprocal of the x^{-3} , will make the exponent positive. Therefore, the expression becomes, $-\left(3\frac{1}{x^3}\right)$, where $x = 2$, replacing x with 2 and evaluating gives, $-\left(3\left(\frac{1}{2^3}\right)\right) = -3\left(\frac{1}{8}\right) = -\frac{3}{8}$. By cubing 2 in the denominator and multiplying a whole number with a fraction gives the solution -3/8.
20	С	For these two lines to be equal, show that the slopes are the same. The slope in the formula is represented by m and is in front of x. In

	both equations, m = 7, so since the slopes are equal, the lines are
	parallel.

Exponents and Polynomials

Question Number	Correct Answer	Explanation
21	b	The constant in this polynomial expression is 1. Since it is the term without a variable. The other numbers are called coefficients.
22	а	By removing the parentheses, grouping liked terms, adding and using laws of integers, equals, $3x^7 - 10x^5 + 7x^4 - 17$, as the solution.
23	d	By adding all sides of the rectangle, you can find the perimeter and add all liked terms. Therefore, the Perimeter is $6x + 2$.
24	a	A frequency table is the answer. It shows the number of times each data occurs by tally marks.
25	С	Adding all the values and divide by 5 is 1.7466. This is the mean.
26	а	There is no reoccurrence of numbers(miles).
27	d	The polynomial expression has 4 terms. A polynomial is an algebraic expression that consists of monomials. In this polynomial, there are 4 monomials, therefore has 4 terms.

Tier 3 Placement Test Practice Problems

Factoring

3.

1. Completely factor the following polynomial by first factoring out the GCF and then factoring the resulting trinomial.

$$\begin{array}{ll} x^5 - 7x^4 + 12x^3 \\ \text{a.} & 6x^4 \\ \text{b.} & x^5 (x+3) (x-4) \\ \text{c.} & x^3 (x^2 - 7x + 12) \\ \text{d.} & x^3 (x-4) (x-3) \end{array}$$

2. Factor.
$$18y^2 - y - 4$$

a. $(3y + 4)(6y - 1)$
b. $(2y - 2)(9y - 2)$
c. $(2y - 1)(9y + 4)$
d. $(2y - 4)(9y + 1)$

Factor.
$$9x^2 - 49$$

a. $(3x - 7)(3x - 7)$
b. $(9x - 1)(40x + 1)$
c. $(3x + 7)(3x + 7)$
d. $(3x + 7)(3x - 7)$

4. Find the factor that $5y^2 + 33y - 14$ and $10y^2 - 9y + 2$ have in common.

7)

y + 7 d.

- 5. Solve for x. $x^2 + 17x + 50 = -20$ a. x = 10 or x = 7b. x = 88c. x = -10 or x = 7
 - d. x = -10 or x = -7
- 6. A rectangular sheet of paper has an area of 85 in^2 . If the length of the paper is $1\frac{1}{2}$ in more than the width, what are the dimensions of the sheet of paper?
 - a. width = $8\frac{1}{2}$ in length = 10 in width = 8 in
 - b. length = $10\frac{1}{2}$ in
 - width = 5 in
 - c. length = 17 in

d. width =
$$15\frac{1}{2}$$
 in length = 17 in

Rational Expressions and Equations

7. Divide and simplify. $\frac{x^2 - 3x - 28}{x - 11} \div \frac{x^2 + x - 56}{x - 11}$

a.
$$\frac{-2x - 86}{x - 11}$$

b.
$$\frac{-1}{(x - 11)^2}$$

c.
$$\frac{x + 4}{x + 8}$$

d.
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

8. Simplify and express the result in simplest form.

$$\frac{8y}{3x} - \frac{6y^2}{x^2} + \frac{10y^3}{3}$$
a. $\frac{2xy(4x - 3y + 5xy)}{3}$
b. $\frac{2y(4x - 9y + 5x^2y^2)}{3x^2}$
c. $\frac{12y^2}{5x}$
d. $2\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{y}{x} - 6 \cdot \frac{y^2}{x^2} + 3\frac{1}{3} \cdot y^3$
9. Solve for x: $\frac{2 - x}{10} = \frac{x}{5}$
a. $x = -1$
b. $x = \frac{2}{3}$
c. $x = \frac{1}{2}$
d. $x = 0$

- 10. The time it takes to travel a particular distance varies inversely as the speed traveled. If it takes a person 15 hours to travel from point A to point B at a speed of 60 miles per hour, how long will it take to travel from point A to point B at 75 miles per hour?
 - a. 12 hours
 - b. 30 hours
 - c. 10 hours
 - d. 18.75 hours

Radical Expressions and Equations and Quadratic Formula

11. The formula for the volume of a sphere is $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$, where V is the volume and r is the radius of the sphere. Solve the formula for r.

a.
$$r = \frac{V}{4\pi}$$

b. $r = \frac{4\pi}{V}$
c. $r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{V - \frac{4}{3}}{\pi}}$
d. $r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{3V}{4\pi}}$

- 12. John and his little brother Kevin have a job that requires them to rake and bag leaves at a large house in their neighborhood. Suppose it takes John 2 hours to do the job alone and Kevin 3 hours to do the job alone. At these rates, how long will it take both boys to complete the job together?
 - a. 5 hours
 - b. 1.25 hours
 - c. 1 hour
 - d. 1.2 hours

13. Simplify: $\sqrt{x^4 y^6 z^9}$, $z \ge 0$ a. $x^2 y^3 z^4 \sqrt{z}$ b. $(2x)(3y)(4\frac{1}{2}z)$ c. $x^2 |y^3| z^4 \sqrt{z}$

d.
$$x^8 y^{12} z^{18}$$

14. Simplify:
$$\sqrt{3b} (5\sqrt{3b} - \sqrt{12b^7})$$
, $b \ge 0$ a. $15b - 6b^4$ b. $3b^3 \sqrt{3b}$ c. $6b - 15b^2$ d. $3b^2 - \sqrt{3b}$ 15. Simplify: $\sqrt[3]{54b^8c^9}$ a. $3b^2 c^3 \sqrt[3]{2b^2}$ b. $3b^4 c^4 \sqrt{6c}$ c. $162b^{24}c^{27}$

d. $18b^2 c^3 \sqrt[3]{b^2}$

16. Rationalize the denominator and simplify the result. $\frac{6 + \sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{5}}$

a.
$$\frac{11\sqrt{5}}{25}$$

b.
$$\frac{11\sqrt{10}}{5}$$

c.
$$6 + \sqrt{2}$$

d.
$$\frac{6\sqrt{5} + 5\sqrt{2}}{5}$$

17. Solve for x:
$$-4\sqrt{11 + x} + 15 = 3$$

a. $x = \sqrt{13}$
b. $x = -2$
c. $x = 2$
d. $x = -13$

18. Solve for x using the Quadratic Formula: $5x^2 - 2 = 12x$

a.
$$6 + \sqrt{46}$$
 or $6 - \sqrt{46}$
b. $\frac{6}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{46}}{5}$ or $\frac{6}{5} - \frac{\sqrt{46}}{5}$
c. $\frac{2}{5}$ or $-\frac{2}{5}$
d. $\frac{5}{12}$ or $-\frac{5}{12}$

19. Use the discriminant to determine the number and type of solutions to the following quadratic equation.

 $7x^2 - 3x + 1 = 0$

- a. one real solution
- b. two real solutions
- c. no solutions
- d. two complex solutions

Functions

20. What are the domain and range of the following function?

$$\left\{ \left(5,-8\right), \left(9,2\right), \left(15,2\right), \left(19,-8\right), \left(7,0\right) \right\} \right. \\ a. Domain: \left\{-8, 0, 2\right\} \\ a. Range: \left\{5,7,9,15,19\right\} \\ b. Domain: \left\{5,7,9,15,19\right\} \\ b. Range: \left\{-8,0,2\right\} \\ c. Domain: \left\{5,7,9,15,19\right\} \\ c. Range: \left\{-8,-8,0,2,2\right\} \\ d. Domain: \left\{5,7,9,11,13\right\} \\ d. Range: \left\{-8,-4,-2,0,2\right\} \\ \end{array}$$

21. What are the domain and range of the function $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$

Domain: x > 0

a. Range: f(x) > 0

Domain: x > 0

b. Range: All real numbers

Domain: $x \ge 0$

c. Range: $f(x) \ge 0$

Domain: All real numbers

d. Range: All real numbers



22. Graph: f(x) = -2x + 3





23. Which of the functions below is represented by the following graph?

a.
$$f(x) = 5x^2 + 3$$

b.
$$f(x) = -2x^2 + 3$$

c. $f(x) = -5x^2 + 3$

d.
$$f(x) = 2x^2 + 3$$

24. Which function below has a graph that passes through all 4 of these points: (0,1), (-1,0), (-2,-1), (7,2)

a. $f(x) = (x + 1)^2$

b.
$$f(x) = x + 1$$

c.
$$f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x+1}$$

d.
$$f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x + 1$$
25. Given that f(x) = 10x - 3, find f(x - 3).

a.
$$f(x - 3) = 10x - 33$$

b.
$$f(x-3) = -33$$

c.
$$f(x-3) = 10x - 6$$

d. f(x - 3) = 11x - 6

Tier 3 Answers and Explanations

Factoring

Question	Correct	Explanation
Number	Answer	
1	d	The GCF for $x^5 - 7x^4 + 12x^3$ is x^3 . When this is factored out of
		$x^{5} - 7x^{4} + 12x^{3}$, this gives $x^{3}(x^{2} - 7x + 12)$.
		However, the resulting trinomial in parentheses, $x^2 - 7x + 12$, is factorable.
		The trinomial factors into two binomials, $(x-4)(x-3)$.
		So, the completely factored result is $x^3(x-4)(x-3)$.
		Note that you can use FOIL to verify that $(x - 4)(x - 3) = x^2 - 7x + 12$.
2	с	One way to see that this result is correct is by using FOIL or some other form of the distributive property:
		F multiply first terms $(2y)(9y) = 18y^2$
		O multiply outer terms $(2y)(4) = 8y$
		I multiply inner terms $(-1)(9y) = -9y$
		L multiply last terms $(-1)(4) = -4$
		Now simplifying, you have $18y^2 + 8y - 9y - 4$
		$= 18\gamma^2 - \gamma - 4.$
3	d	$9x^2 - 49$ is a binomial that is classified as the difference of two perfect
		squares. This type of polynomial is always factorable. You can check that the answer given is correct by using FOIL:
		F multiply first terms $(3x)(3x) = 9x^2$
		O multiply outer terms $(3x)(-7) = -21x$
		I multiply inner terms $(7)(3x) = 21x$
		L multiply last terms $(7)(-7) = -49$
		Gathering terms and simplifying, you get $9x^2 - 21x + 21x - 49$
		$=9x^2-49$

4	C	For this problem, both $5y^2 + 33y - 14$ and $10y^2 - 9y + 2$ need to be completely factored. Here are their factorizations: $5y^2 + 33y - 14 = (5y - 2)(y + 7)$ $10y^2 - 9y + 2 = (5y - 2)(2y - 1)$ The factor that both polynomials have in common is $5y - 2$.
5	d	The given equation, $x^2 + 17x + 50 = -20$, is a quadratic equation. One means to solve a quadratic equation is by writing it in standard form $(ax^2 + bx + c = 0)$ and then attempting to factor the trinomial on the left of the equal sign. For the given equation, standard form is $x^2 + 17x + 70 = 0$. Note that 20 was added to both sides of the original equation. The trinomial to the left of the equals sign does indeed factor. So, in factored form, the equation becomes $(x + 7)(x + 10) = 0$. Setting both factors equal to zero and solving for x, you will get x = -10 or $x = -7$. You can see that these two solutions are correct by substituting them back into $x^2 + 17x + 50 = -20$.
6	a	The equation that describes the information given in the problem is $w(w + 1\frac{1}{2}) = 85$, where w represents the width of the sheet of paper. This is a quadratic equation that in standard form ($ax^2 + bx + c = 0$) becomes $w^2 + 1\frac{1}{2}w - 85 = 0$. To give an equivalent equation that doesn't contain fractions, you can multiply both sides of the above equation by 2. The resulting equation is $2w^2 + 3w - 170 = 0$. The trinomial on the left can be factored and now gives (2w - 17)(w + 10) = 0 Setting both factors equal to zero and then solving for w, you get $w = 8\frac{1}{2}$ or $w = -10$.

	Since the width can't be a negative number, its value is $8\frac{1}{2}$ in. The length is
	$1rac{1}{2}$ in more than this, which is 10 in ($8rac{1}{2}+1rac{1}{2}=10$).

Rational Expressions and Equations

Question	Correct	Explanation
Number	Answer	
7	C	To simplify $\frac{x^2 - 3x - 28}{x - 11} \div \frac{x^2 + x - 56}{x - 11}$, first write the problem in terms of multiplication, then factor the trinomials, and finally cancel common factors: $\frac{x^2 - 3x - 28}{x - 11} \div \frac{x^2 + x - 56}{x - 11}$
		$=\frac{x^2-3x-28}{x-11}\cdot\frac{x-1}{x^2+x-56}$
		$=\frac{(x-7)(x+4)}{x-11}\cdot\frac{x-11}{(x+8)(x-7)}$
		$= \frac{(x-7)(x+4)}{x-11} \cdot \frac{x-11}{(x+8)(x-7)}$
		$=\frac{x+4}{x+8}$
8	b	To simplify $\frac{8y}{3x} - \frac{6y^2}{x^2} + \frac{10y^3}{3}$, the fractions need to be written with a common denominator. For this rational expression, the least common denominator (LCD) is $3x^2$.
		Writing each fraction in terms of the $3x^2$, gives

		$\frac{8y}{3x} \cdot \frac{x}{x} - \frac{6y^2}{x^2} \cdot \frac{3}{3} + \frac{10y^3}{3} \cdot \frac{x^2}{x^2}$
		$\frac{8xy}{3x^2} - \frac{18y^2}{3x^2} + \frac{10x^2y^3}{3x^2}$
		$\frac{8xy-18y^2+10x^2y^3}{3x^2}$
		Finally, factoring the numerator above gives
		$\frac{2y(4x-9y+5x^2y^2)}{3x^2}.$
9	b	One way to solve the rational equation, $\frac{2-x}{10} = \frac{x}{5}$, is by eliminating the fractions. This can be accomplished by multiplying both sides of the equation
		by the least common denominator (LCD) of the fractions. In this case, the LCD is 10.
		Here is the result of multiplying both sides of the equation by 10 and then continuing to solve for x:
		$10 \cdot \frac{2-x}{10} = \frac{x}{5} \cdot 10$
		2-x = 2x
		-2x - x = -2
		-3x = -2
		$x = \frac{2}{3}$

10		Cince the model and a low the income context and it and he model at the the
10	а	Since the problem deals with inverse variation, it can be modeled with the
		equation $t = \frac{k}{v}$, where t is the time, v is the speed, and k is proportionality
		V
		constant.
		Substituting t = 15 and v = 60 into the equation and then solving for k,
		this gives
		-
		$15 = \frac{k}{60}$
		60
		$60.15 = \frac{k}{60}.60$
		60
		900 = k
		So, now the general form of the inverse variation equation is
		$t = \frac{900}{1000}$
		t =
		v
		To find how long it will take to travel from point A to point B at 75 miles per
		hour, just substitute 75 for v in the general equation:
		900
		$t = \frac{900}{75}$
		75
		t = 12
		l - 12
		It will take 12 hours to travel from point A to B at a speed of 75 miles per
		hour.

Radical Expressions and Equations and Quadratic Formula

Question	Correct	Explanation
Number	Answer	
11	d	The solution for this problem requires using algebraic steps to solve the
		volume formula, $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$, for V:

		$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^{3}$
		$V = \frac{4\pi}{3}r^3$
		$\frac{3}{4\pi} \cdot V = \frac{3}{4\pi} \cdot \frac{4\pi}{3} r^3$
		$\frac{3V}{4\pi} = r^3$
		The last step in isolating r is to take the cube root of both sides of the equation:
		$\frac{3V}{4\pi} = r^3$
		$\sqrt[3]{\frac{3V}{4\pi}} = \sqrt[3]{r^3}$
		$r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{3V}{4\pi}}$
12	d	There's more than one way to think about finding a solution to this problem, but here's one approach:
		Summarizing the information given in the problem, it takes John 2 hours to do the job alone, and it takes Kevin 3 hours to do the job alone.
		This means that John could do 3 jobs in 6 hours and Kevin could do 2 jobs in 6 hours. In other words, together they could do 5 jobs in 6 hours. Using this rate to calculate the number of hours per job, you get
		$\frac{6 \text{ hours}}{5 \text{ jobs}} = 1.2 \text{ hours per job}.$

13	C	Simplifying the radical expression, $\sqrt{x^4y^6z^9}$, $z \ge 0$, requires writing the radicand (part under the radical) in terms of perfect squares since the radical is a square root. Here is the radical simplified with perfect squares: $\sqrt{x^4y^6z^9}$ $= \sqrt{(x^2)^2(y^3)^2(z^4)^2z}$ The factors highlighted in red are perfect squares, which means that when the square root is taken, the result will be the portion inside parentheses. So further simplifying, you will get $\sqrt{(x^2)^2(y^3)^2(z^4)^2z}$ $= x^2y^3z^4\sqrt{z}$
		This appears to be the solution, but it isn't. You were told at the beginning of the problem that $z \ge 0$, but you were not told anything about the variables x or y. In fact, they could be negative numbers. If y, in particular, is negative then the above solution is incorrect. So, since we don't know whether y is negative or positive, the correct solution is $x^{2} y^{3} z^{4} \sqrt{z}$.
		Check the YouTube video below for a detailed explanation of why absolute value bars are necessary for the result. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dqek7EkXcYo
14	а	For this problem, since $b \ge 0$, the final result won't require any absolute value bars, as was the case in problem #13. To simplify $\sqrt{3b} \left(5\sqrt{3b} - \sqrt{12b^7} \right)$, distribute and continue simplifying:

$$\sqrt{3b} \left(5\sqrt{3b} - \sqrt{12b^7} \right)$$

$$= 5\sqrt{9b^2} - \sqrt{36b^8}$$

$$= 5(3b) - 6b^4$$

$$= 15b - 6b^4$$
To simplify the given radical expression, $\sqrt[3]{54b^8c^9}$, the radicand (expression under the radical symbol) needs to be expressed in terms of perfect cubes, since the radical is a cube root:
 $\sqrt[3]{54b^8c^9}$

$$= \sqrt[3]{(3)^3 \cdot 2(b^2)^3 \cdot b^2 \cdot (c^2)^3}$$
The factors in red are perfect cubes, and once the cube root of these is extracted, the result will be the expression inside the parentheses. So, simplifying further, you have
 $\sqrt[3]{(3)^3 \cdot 2(b^2)^3 \cdot b^2 \cdot (c^3)^3}$
 $3b^2c^3\sqrt[3]{2b^2}$
Note that since the original radical is a cube root (index is odd), there won't be a need for absolute value bars in the final answer. In short, when the index of a radical is odd (cube roots, 5th roots, etc.), or the variables in the radicand are all positive, absolute value bars won't be necessary in final result.

16	d	To rationalize the denominator in $\frac{6 + \sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{5}}$, means to get rid of the radical in the denominator. This is achieved by multiplying the numerator and denominator of the radical expression by $\sqrt{5}$ and then simplifying: $\frac{6 + \sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{5}}$
		$= \frac{6 + \sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}}$ $\frac{\sqrt{5}(6 + \sqrt{10})}{\sqrt{25}}$ $= \frac{6\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{50}}{5}$
		$= \frac{5}{5}$ $= \frac{6\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{5^2 \cdot 2}}{5}$ $= \frac{6\sqrt{5} + 5\sqrt{2}}{5}$
17	b	$= \frac{5}{5}$ To solve for x, isolate the radical expression so that it is alone on one side of the equation: $-4\sqrt{11 + x} + 15 = 3$
		$-4\sqrt{11 + x} = -12$ $\sqrt{11 + x} = 3$

		Now, just square both sides of the above equation. This will cancel the square root. $\left(\sqrt{11+x}\right)^2 = (3)^2$ $11 + x = 9$ $x = -2$
18	b	The Quadratic Formula will be used to solve $5x^2 - 2 = 12x$. This can be obtained from the provided formula chart: $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$. The first step in obtaining the solution is to write the given quadratic in standard form $(ax^2 + bx + c = 0)$. This gives $5x^2 - 2 = 12x$ $5x^2 - 12x - 2 = 0$ From here, identify the constants, a, b, and c, to substitute into the Quadratic Formula. a = 5 b = -12 c = -2 Substituting these values in the Quadratic Formula gives:

		$x = \frac{-(-12) \pm \sqrt{(-12)^2 - 4(5)(-2)}}{2(5)}$
		$=\frac{12\pm\sqrt{144+40}}{10}$
		$=\frac{12\pm\sqrt{184}}{10}$
		$=\frac{12\pm2\sqrt{46}}{10}$
		$=\frac{6\pm\sqrt{46}}{5}$
		Thus, the solutions are $\frac{6}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{46}}{5}$ or $\frac{6}{5} - \frac{\sqrt{46}}{5}$.
19	d	To determine the number and type of solutions for $7x^2 - 3x + 1 = 0$, the discriminant will be used. The discriminant is the expression under the radical in the Quadratic Formula: $b^2 - 4ac$.
		When $b^2 - 4ac = 0$, the given quadratic equation will have one real solution. When $b^2 - 4ac > 0$, the given quadratic equation will have two real solutions.
		When $b^2 - 4ac < 0$, the given quadratic equation will have two complex solutions.
		For $7x^2 - 3x + 1 = 0$, $a = 7$, $b = -3$, $c = 1$. Substituting these values

	into the discriminant gives:
	b ² – 4ac
	$(-3)^2 - 4(7)(1)$
	= 9 - 28
	= -19
	This negative result for the value of the discriminant means that $7x^2 - 3x + 1 = 0$
	will have two complex (not real) solutions.

Functions

Question	Correct	Explanation
Number	Answer	
20	b	In the function, $\{(5,-8), (9,2), (15,2), (19,-8), (7,0)\}$, the domain is the set of all x-values, and the range is the set of all y-values. For example, in the ordered pair, $(5, -8)$, 5 would be in the domain, and -8 would be in the range. Considering all the ordered pairs in the function, the domain and range are Domain: $\{5, 7, 9, 15, 19\}$ Range: $\{-8, 0, 2\}$ Note that although -8 and 2 are found in more than one of the ordered pairs, these values should only be included once in the range.
21	C	The domain and range for $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ can most easily be determined by observing its graph, which looks like the graph below.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	0.5
	0.5 0 0.5 1 1.5
	The domain of the function is the set of all x values, which from looking at the
	graph are numbers bigger than or equal to zero. The y values are also
	numbers bigger than or equal to zero. Symbolically, this is written
	Domain: $x \ge 0$
	Range: $f(x) \ge 0$
	$\operatorname{Range:} \operatorname{Range:} Ra$
	Note that f(x) represents the y values.
22 c	To graph $f(x) = -2x + 3$, note that the equation is given in slope-intercept
	form, $y = mx + b$ (see the provided formula sheet).
	In this form, m is the slope, and b is the y-intercept. So, for the given
	equation, the slope is -2 and the y-intercept is 3. So, you should expect the graph to
	cross
	the y-axis at 3 and have a negative slope (the line falls when proceeding from
	left
	to right). Also, the slope can be thought of in terms of the rise over the run.
	-2 rise change in y
	$m = -2 = \frac{-2}{1} \frac{rise \ change \ in \ y}{run \ change \ in \ x}$
	T
	See how these quantities play out on the correct graph below.
	See how these quantities play out on the correct graph below.



		Finally, note that the graph passes through the points (-2, -5) and $(2, -5)$. So, these two points would need to satisfy the equation describing the graph. The only equation where this is true is $f(x) = -2x^2 + 3$: $f(-2) = -2(-2)^2 + 3 = -2(4) + 3 = -8 + 3 = -5$ $f(2) = -2(2)^2 + 3 = -2(4) + 3 = -8 + 3 = -5$
24	C	To find which function passes through all 4 points, you could take each function and substitute each x-value into the function and show that the corresponding y-value is obtained. In short, you would be using a process of elimination. Here's what this process looks like for $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x + 1}$: Recall that the points are $(0,1)$, $(-1,0)$, $(-2,-1)$, $(7,2)$. $f(0) = \sqrt[3]{0+1} = \sqrt[3]{1} = 1$ $f(-1) = \sqrt[3]{-1+1} = \sqrt[3]{0} = 0$ $f(-2) = \sqrt[3]{-2+1} = \sqrt[3]{-1} = -1$ $f(7) = \sqrt[3]{7+1} = \sqrt[3]{8} = 2$ This shows that all the points satisfy $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x + 1}$. This is not the case for the other functions given.
25	а	Given that $f(x) = 10x - 3$, find $f(x - 3)$. The solution is obtained by substituting $x - 3$ for x in $f(x) = 10x - 3$:

f(x-3) = 10(x-3) - 3
= 10x - 30 - 3
= 10x - 33